

DAILY DEMOCRAT FORUM

Largest Circulation of any Daily Paper in any Missouri Town of 5000 Population

VOLUME 3.

MARYVILLE, MISSOURI, SATURDAY, OCT. 5, 1912.

NO. 107.

IN ST. JOSEPH NEXT

ST. JOE GETS NEXT MEETING OF KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.

MEETING HERE A SUCCESS

A Good Attendance and Everybody Pleased—A Good Dinner and Fine Floor Work Were Features.

The Knights of Pythias enjoyed a good day in Maryville Friday. The attendance at the first district association meeting was good, although several towns failed to send delegates because of bad railroad connections.

St. Joseph sent a delegation of seventy in a special train and a number of others were picked up on the way. Fairfax sent a delegation of about twenty over in autos, and most all the towns in the district were represented by from one to five delegates or members.

The members of Tancred lodge met the St. Joseph special with about twenty-five autos and took the visitors for a short ride over the city. All expressed themselves as being delighted with the ride and surprised that Maryville made such a good showing. The ride ended at the Elks club, where at 5 o'clock a short session was held. The association officers present were President C. J. Griswold of St. Joseph, Secretary R. M. Schatz of St. Joseph and Treasurer J. T. Drummond of Tarkio. Vice President George W. Childs of Stanberry was unable to come because of the death of a neighbor.

Mayor Rohey delivered a short but effective address of welcome, to which Grand Master-at-Arms L. H. Kelsay of St. Joseph responded on behalf of the association. At 6 o'clock the crowd formed in line and marched to the Baptist church basement, where a most excellent dinner was graciously served by the young ladies of that church. One hundred and fifty were fed.

At 8 o'clock the delegates and visiting Knights again assembled. A business session came first. After this the new first degree work recently adopted by the supreme lodge was put on by the St. Joseph team, and it was a magnificent exemplification of the work and the lessons sought to be conveyed. L. H. Kelsay, who took the part of Dionysius, is the author of the new work. This work should have been heard and seen by every K. of P. in Maryville.

At the conclusion of this work talks for the good of the order were made, and the matter of selecting the next meeting place was taken up. Fairfax and St. Joseph both extended invitations and St. Joseph was selected. The next meeting will be held there the fourth week in next April.

MADE AN ASSIGNMENT.

J. M. Smith's Country Store Closed for the Benefit of Creditors—Jack. son is Trustee.

J. M. Smith, proprietor of the country store, on the north side of the square, made an assignment Thursday for the benefit of his creditors. Joseph Jackson, Jr., is trustee. The store will be closed for the next few days in order to invoice, then it will be disposed of.

The Why of Patrick Henry.

An Indian boy at Hampton institute wrote the following in a composition on Patrick Henry: "Patrick Henry was not a very bright boy. He had blue eyes and light hair. He got married and then said 'Give me liberty or give me death.'"

DO YOU WEAR GLASSES?

IF SO are you satisfied that they have been fitted to your eyes in a correct and proper manner?

HAVE THEY GIVEN YOUR EYES that relief which you expected they would?

ARE YOUR EYE MUSCLES following their natural laws as they should do with correctly fitted Glasses.

WOULD YOU LIKE MY OPINION? I will give it to you willingly, FREE OF CHARGE.

MY SYSTEM of Eyesight Testing has no superior.

MY LONG YEARS' EXPERIENCE is behind this system.

PRICES MODERATE.

H. T. CRANE
Jeweler and Optician,
Maryville, Mo.

NEW BOOKS RECEIVED.

Are Now on the Shelves in the Library
—Last Report Shows a Decrease

Over Last Year.

A number of new fiction and juvenile books were received at the public library on Friday and are now on the shelves of that institution. The following is a list of them.

Fiction books—Where There's a Will, by N. R. Rinehart; The Sign as Six, by S. E. White; The Hollow of Her Hand, by G. B. McCutcheon; The Lovers, by Eden Phillips; The White Billy Goat Hill, by Alice Hegan Rice; Shield, by Myrtle Reed; A Romance of the Court of St. Simon, by Anthony Partridge; The Red Cross Girl, by R. H. Davis; Their Yesterdays, by Harold Bell Wright; Mrs. Eli and Policy Ann, by F. Olmstead; Blue Anchor Inn, by E. B. Morris; The Inheritance, by J. D. Bacon.

Juvenile books—The Sunbonnet Babies' Primer, by E. O. Grover; Making the Nine and With Mask and Mit, by A. T. Dudley; Cattle Ranch to College, by J. T. Doubleday; Red Mustang, by W. O. Stoddard; Fast Friends, by J. T. Trowbridge; Marjorie's Busy Days and Paay's Butterfly Days, by Carolyn Wells; A Junior Co-Ed, by L. Lee.

The report of Librarian Grace Langan for the month of September shows a decrease over September, 1911. This decrease is probably owing to the street fair in the city in September. The report is as follows:

Total number of books and magazines loaned 1,278

Average per day 43

Readers' cards issued 23

Total number of readers 1,764

Average per day 55

Collections \$15.84

As compared with September 1911:

Decrease in circulation 222

Decrease in attendance 109

Increase in collections \$3.28

GOOD THINGS IN MUSIC.

Rehearsals of "The Merry Milkmaids" Are Coming Along Finely at the Normal.

It has not been decided yet just where the comic operetta, "The Merry Milkmaids and the Jolly Farmer Boys," will be given, at the Empire theater or the State Normal auditorium.

But it is altogether probable that it will be given in the Normal auditorium, owing to the fine stage room.

About seventy people are now rehearsing regularly for its production, under the direction of Mr. P. O. Landon, and some of the solo parts have been assigned to Miss Besse Scott, Miss Glen Hotchkiss, Mr. W. H. Crawford, Mr. Harry Mutz and Professor L. M. Eck. The other solo parts will be assigned later.

This is the most popular operetta that has been given here, and the excellent draft on singers for the leading parts made by Mr. Landon will insure a big patronage.

ARRESTED ON SERIOUS CHARGE.

Charles Robinet of Near Guilford Charged With Carnal Knowledge.

Charles Robinett, who lives three miles south of Guilford, was brought to Maryville Saturday by Constable John Porter of Washington township, on a charge of carnal knowledge. Robinett gave bond for \$500 to appear at the November term of circuit court to answer to the charge.

The prosecuting witness is Minnie Jane Wolf, who is 15 years old, and the alleged offense took place last June.

Robinet is a married man and has a family. He is about 40 years old.

Today's Markets

LIVE STOCK MARKETS.

CHICAGO.

Cattle—500. Market steady. Estimate tomorrow, 24,000.

Hogs—900. Market 5c lower; top,

\$9.25. Estimate tomorrow, 27,000.

Sheep—2,000. Market steady.

KANSAS CITY.

Cattle—1,000. Market steady.

Hogs—2,000. Market steady; top,

\$8.95.

Sheep—3,500. Market steady.

ST. JOSEPH.

Cattle—150. Market steady.

Hogs—3,500. Market steady; top,

\$8.90.

Sheep—None.

Mrs. Malinda Cunningham of Conception was a business visitor in the city Thursday.

Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Outs and daughter of Barnard were Maryville visitors Friday.

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SAVING THE WHEAT

HOW TO AVOID PESTS THAT DESTROY SMALL GRAIN.

FACTS ABOUT ARMY WORM

How They Breed and Eat Up the Crops and What Can Be Done to Escape Them.

The terrible destruction of the fall army worm to wheat, rye and alfalfa a year ago is still fresh in the minds of many Missouri farmers. The fear that the pest will reappear again this fall has led many to inquire concerning the pest. There is little that can be done to control this pest, but this must be done in time. It is already appearing in some sections, and one should be ready to do what he can to check it.

The pest passes the winter in the ground in the chrysalis or resting stage. From these the moth appears in the spring to deposit eggs for a spring brood of worms. These mature and a second brood appears in mid-summer. These mature normally by September, when the destructive fall brood appears to devour wheat, rye, alfalfa and other green crops. The spring and summer broods are of little importance, but the fall brood is extremely destructive when natural conditions are favorable.

The cold winter greatly reduced the pest and the summer has been favorable for its enemies, so that until recently it has not been able to increase greatly. Fall rains bring out the grass, alfalfa, wheat and other crops and provide plenty of young green food for the pest and the cool weather checks its enemies. This favorable change will probably enable it to cause considerable trouble before frost.

Remedies.

The fall army worm, like the chin-chug and Hessian fly, is not troublesome every year. Natural conditions keep it in check. It is seldom extremely destructive two years in succession, though this is possible. To protect wheat and rye one should plan on sowing just as late as possible, as the parent moth usually arrives by early September, and if no wheat or rye is up it must deposit on other crops of less importance. Once the pest is in wheat, rye or alfalfa some relief can be gotten by using a heavy roller or a weighted brush. If the ground is dry and fairly firm many will be destroyed in this way. Last year we had so much rain that relief was almost out of the question. This pest does not migrate rapidly like the true army worm. It first appears in patches, and if one is watchful he can often stamp it out in such patches by the use of poison or other means and thus keep it from destroying the entire crop. Hogs, poultry and birds are also helpful in destroying the caterpillar.

Data recently collected indicates that where fields of wheat, rye and alfalfa were completely stripped last fall the crops were a complete failure.

GOOD MEETINGS

Are Being Conducted at Burlington Junction at the Christian Church by Rev. C. J. Miller.

The revival meetings that have been in progress at Burlington Junction for the past nine days at the Christian church have been very successful, as forty-six conversions have resulted. The meetings are conducted by Rev. C. J. Miller, pastor of the Christian church of Maryville, as the pastor of the Junction church, Rev. J. W. Love, is confined to his home by sickness. On Friday evening Rev. Miller received thirteen new additions.

Rev. Spainhower, who is attending the Normal school in this city, and who also preached at the Palestine Christian church, is to fill the pulpit of the Junction church, Rev. J. W. Love, is confined to his home by sickness.

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Pastors Regret Conflict.

A misunderstanding as to each other's plans has led to a conflict in the dates of the meetings to begin next Sunday in the Baptist and Southern Methodist churches. We regret exceedingly that such a conflict has come up, but as there are only a few months in the year when the weather is favorable to a revival, we think it best to go on with our meetings.

We take this method of letting it be known to the community why the conflict has occurred and to express our fraternal interest in each other's success.

LEE HARREL

JOS. D. RANDOLPH.

WILL KEEP WIVES

JUDGE BURNES WILL NOT RECALL DIVORCE DECREE.

CITIZENS AIDED HEALTH

And Judge Did Not Find Sufficient Evidence of Collusion—\$500 Belonged to Divorced Wife.

Mr. and Mrs. John C. Heath and Mr. and Mrs. A. R. Montgomery of Gower, the much transposed matrimonial quartet, Mrs. Heath being Mrs. Montgomery and Mrs. Montgomery Mrs. Heath until one week ago, will be permitted to enjoy uninterrupted marital bliss so far as Judge A. D. Burnes is concerned.

Judge Burnes had Mr. and Mrs. Heath and Mr. and Mrs. Montgomery before him at Plattsburg Tuesday to answer to a charge of collusion in securing divorces that Heath and Montgomery might swap wives, and announced Thursday that there was not sufficient evidence to warrant a revocation of the divorces granted to the two men one week ago last Tuesday.

A carload of people went over to Plattsburg to plead for Heath, who is station agent at Gower for the Santa Fe and Grand Island railroads, and who has the sympathy of the community.

The \$500 that figured in the deal of wife swapping, and which Judge Burnes investigated at length, was money which Heath gave his first wife at the time of the divorce, it being money that she had inherited from a relative, and it was not paid by Heath to Montgomery as a bonus in the swapping of wives.

Mr. Heath and Mrs. Montgomery were married in Maryville by Rev. Lee Harrel, and many people here have been watching the case with interest.

TURNED DOWN SKATING RINK.

And Also Shooting Gallery Applications by the City Council Friday Evening.

The city council don't seem very favorable to skating rinks and shooting galleries, and it is going to be hard work for anyone to get a license for these amusement places. At the council meeting Friday evening application by Robey & Henderson was made for a license for a skating rink in the Holt building on the east side of the square, but the council refused to issue the license by a 5 to 2 vote. Then a shooting gallery license application was presented by John Ulmer for one on the east side of the square, and the council by a unanimous vote tabled the application.

SUITS FOR DIVORCE.

Frank Schaffer Asking for One From His Wife—Are Residents of Elmo.

A divorce suit was filed Saturday by Cook, Cummings & Dawson, attorneys, for Frank Schaffer against Rosetta A. Schaffer. The petition states that they were married December 19, 1907, at Omaha, and lived together until January, 2, 1910, when the defendant absented herself without reasonable cause for a space of over one year.

At a recent term of circuit court Judge Ellison refused to issue a divorce to these people. The suit, however, was brought by Mrs. Schaffer.

THE PETTY WILL FILED.

Was Probated in Probate Court Saturday—Mrs. Petty and Roy Curfman Executors.

The will of the late F. M. Petty, who died in Maryville a few weeks ago, was filed in probate court Saturday morning. The will was written September 11, and leaves all of his estate, both real and personal, to his wife during her lifetime, and at her death to their daughters, Mrs. Roy Curfman of this city and Mrs. J. B. Hayden, who is now in Europe. Mrs. Petty and Roy Curfman were named as executors.

Lee Rasco and daughter, Miss Frances, of Barnard, returned home Saturday from a visit with relatives at Sidney, in.

Mrs. N. F. Humber returned Friday from a several days' visit with her sister, Mrs. G. W. Bowmer, in St. Joseph.

Charles Badger of St. Joseph was visiting Sheriff Tilson in Maryville Saturday.

Mrs. Guy Mutz and Miss Hazel Ritchie went to St. Joseph Saturday morning.

ITINERARY IS ANNOUNCED

For the St. Joseph Commerce Club's Get-Acquainted Trip to Maryville and Bedford.

The itinerary for the St. Joseph Commerce club's get-acquainted trip to Maryville and Bedford, on Thursday, October 24, is arranged and the trip will be made in a special train over the Burlington's Creston branch, leaving St. Joseph at 7:30 o'clock a.m. Dinner will be taken at Maryville and supper at Bedford.

Accompanying the club on their trip will be the Commerce club quartet and band of fifteen

The Democrat-Forum

DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY.

Entered as second-class matter June 4, 1910, at the postoffice at Maryville, Mo., under the act of March 2, 1879.

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N. S. DEMOTTE, SUPERINTENDENT

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Delivered in Maryville by carrier at
ten cents per week.

Largest Circulation in Nodaway County

DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

For President—Governor Woodrow Wilson of New Jersey.

For Vice President—Governor Thomas Marshall of Indiana.

For Governor—Elliott M. Major.

For Lieutenant Governor—William R. Painter.

For Secretary of State—Cornelius Roach.

For State Treasurer—Edwin P. Deal.

For State Auditor—John P. Gordon.

For Attorney General—John T. Barker.

For Railroad Commissioner—James T. Bradshaw.

For Judge Supreme Court, Division I—Henry W. Bond.

For Judge Supreme Court, Division II—C. B. Faris, Robert F. Walker.

For Judge Kansas City Court of Appeals—F. H. Trimble.

For Congress—C. F. Booher.

For State Senator—Anderson Craig.

For Representative—W. J. Skidmore.

For Judge of South District—Floyd Westfall.

For Judge of North District—Wm. Blackford.

For Prosecuting Attorney—George Pat Wright.

For Sheriff—Ed Wallace.

For Treasurer—E. F. Wolfert.

For Surveyor—J. E. Rose.

For Coroner—Dr. Wm. Waller, Jr.

For Public Administrator—J. F. Koelofson.

POLITICAL NOTES.

(By Democratic Campaign Bureau.)

The Democratic ticket can be elected in Missouri this year with hardly an effort. But an election by only a bare nominal plurality would carry with it nothing but the right to hold the offices. This is not a contest merely for offices. It is not a struggle to simply determine who, among a number of men, are to draw official salaries. That is not the issue at all. A great principle of government is at stake. The people of Missouri are to finally determine whether this commonwealth is to pass forever into the hands of the plutocratic reactionaries of the Republican party, or whether the grand old state will return to the faith of the fathers and consecrate herself anew to those immortal principles which have made her what she is today. That is the burning question in the Missouri campaign, and it is a question which can be satisfactorily answered only by a Democratic majority of fifty thousand or more.

In the Republican national convention at Chicago three hundred delegates sat stolidly in their seats and refused to participate in the nomination of President Taft, because they knew, they charged and they proved that his nomination was procured by theft and fraud. Twenty of those delegates were from Missouri. What are they going to do about it? Sit around and poke fun at the Bull Moose? That doesn't meet the issue. There is no middle ground. The Republican state candidates have endorsed that fraud. They have done so in their platform. And now—this to the Missouri taxpayer—you trust them with your money?

If you want to keep your taxes down, keep the Major majority up.

Let's amend that slogan to read like this: "Work and win with Wilson."

One effect of Governor Hadley's effort to increase the taxes three hundred per cent should be an increase of three hundred per cent in the Democratic vote.

The consumer will keep on paying the tariff tax until he learns it will cost him a thousand times less to contribute to the Democratic campaign fund.

The St. Louis registration is almost as large as it was in 1910, but there will be a decided slump in the St. Louis Republican majority.

News of Society and Women's Clubs

Dinner on Election Day.

The ladies of the M. E. church, South, will serve a chicken dinner and supper on election day, November 5th.

Is Miss Mine's Guest.

Miss Hattie Mae Taylor went to Savannah Saturday morning and will be the week-end guest of Miss Ruth Hine, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. W. G. Hine.

Organizing D. A. R. Chapter.

A chapter of Daughters of the American Revolution is being organized in Maryville Saturday by the state organizer, Mrs. George B. McFarland of Columbia, Mo. Mrs. McFarland is the guest of Mrs. E. G. Orear while in the city.

Dick Graham Married.

Word has just been received in Maryville of the marriage of Charles C. (Dick) Graham of Seattle, Wash., and Miss Emma Parker of St. Anthony, Idaho. The wedding occurred during the month of September. Mrs. Graham is the daughter of Wood B. Parker, editor of the Teton Peak Chronicle, of St. Anthony.

Week-End Guests Near Graham.

Mrs. G. B. Holmes and Mrs. J. F. Montgomery and their guest, Mrs. J. B. Thomas of La Harpe, Kan.; Lieber Holmes and G. B. Holmes, Jr., went to Graham Saturday morning in the O. L. Holmes car, where the ladies of the party will be week-end guests of Dr. and Mrs. W. S. Rowlett and Mr. and Mrs. Will Burris. They attended the church picnic at the Baptist church in Graham on Saturday. The picnic was given as a get-together meeting preceding the opening of a revival meeting that will be held at the church, beginning Sunday night, by the pastor, Rev. Winfrey.

C. W. B. M. Meeting.

The C. W. B. M. of the First Christian church met in the church parlors Friday afternoon at 2:30. Mrs. T. H. Cook was the leader for the study of Home Missions. Mrs. J. D. Frank read the Scripture lesson. Mrs. Will Miller read in a pleasing manner the poem, "America for Christ, Our Obligation," written by Ursula Wiles Errett of Salem, Ore. Mrs. James Ray gave an entertaining talk about her trip west this summer and of the work of the church at Boise, Idaho. The financial report for the year was made by Mrs. T. H. Cook, which shows a gain over past years in amount given for missions. The new officers elected for the coming year are: Mrs. J. D. Frank, president; Mrs. Will Miller, vice president; Mrs. A. T. Fisher, secretary; Mrs. R. L. McDougal, treasurer. Two new members were taken into the society, Mrs. Rosa Cook and Mrs. R. C. Beight.

Reception to Students.

The reception to the State Normal students of their congregation, given Friday night by the Sunday school and Epworth League of the M. E. church, South, was quite largely attended. A program was given in the church auditorium that included a cornet solo by M. A. Peery with piano accompaniment by Miss Hazel Perry; two readings, "A Few Bars in the Key of G," by Professor L. M. Eek, and "The Master is Coming," by Miss Zenebee Wrightman; also a vocal trio, "The Winds Whisper Low," by Misses Ethel Cook, Alpha Hinkle and Nina Evans. The program closed with a nice welcome talk from the new pastor, Rev. J. D. Randolph. After the program all went to the basement of the church flats, played old-fashioned games and had a general good time. Professor Eek and Professor V. I. Moore gave humorous readings, Rev. Randolph related some humorous experiences, and these, along with good things to eat, made an unusually good evening.

Attended Niece's Wedding.

Mr. and Mrs. Jerry Vaughn and son, Ted, returned Friday evening from Monmouth, Ill., where they went ten days ago to be present at the marriage of Mrs. Vaughn's niece, Miss Florence Lynch, to Dr. John M. Bohan of Galesburg, Ill., which was solemnized on Wednesday morning, September 26.

The bride visited in Maryville several weeks this summer, the guest of the Vaughn family and of Misses Lenore and Rose Schumacher. She left many admiring friends on her departure who will like to know somewhat of the details of her wedding day.

One of her five bridesmaids was Miss Grace O'Malley of Albany, a former Maryville young woman, and classmate of the bride at St. Mary's school, Notre Dame, Ind., where they were graduated in 1910.

The ceremony was performed in the Church of the Immaculate Conception at 10 o'clock a.m., Wednesday, by Rev. Fr. P. P. Owens, and from the account given no detail that could tend to make

the setting prettier or the ceremony more beautiful had been omitted. A trio of the bride's girl friends sang the Lohengrin wedding song to pipe organ accompaniment, another sang "Oh, Deep is Thy Love," and another gave a violin solo to close the preliminary musical program.

Two little flower girls scattered pink rose petals in the pathway of the bride to the altar, as she went leaning on the arm of her brother, John D. Lynch, Jr. At the altar they were met by the minister and the groom, Dr. John M. Bohan, and his best man. After the vows by the bride and groom nuptial mass was said, and the bridal party passed out of the church, followed by the guests, to the Lynch home, where a four-course wedding breakfast was served.

The bride's gown was a white beaded lace robe over duchess satin, en train, and she carried a shower bouquet of lilies of the valley. The bridal veil of rose point Venetian lace was draped from a Juliette cap. All the maids wore gowns of white chiffon over pink satin with white felt hats, and carried pink roses.

Dr. and Mrs. Bohan went to Denver, Colo., on their wedding journey. Dr. Bohan is a graduate of the medical school of Northwestern University at Chicago, and has been located in Galesburg as a physician for four years.

Great Time Around the Campfires.

The social given by the young people of the First Presbyterian church Friday night at the home of Mr. and Mrs. James Murray, south of town, was attended by 150 people. The crowd left the church on hayracks, loaded to their capacity, and one just a little over (or two over), we guess, because a wheel was broken down, and when Mr. Allen got off the wagon the wheel was fixed so that the journey could proceed. Mr. and Mrs. Allen walked to the place of the social, rested and were there to receive the hayrack people when they arrived.

It was one of the best times the young people of this church have had in many a long time. Mrs. Murray and her daughter had made doughnuts and coffee for the entire crowd, which with the "weenies" and marshmallows toasted by the crowd around the big campfires, made a nice feast. Outdoor games were played and no one thought of starting home until midnight, when the Queen of Night was at her best.

PRETTY AUTO BONNETS.

NOW RECOGNIZED AS PART OF FEMININE EQUIPMENT.

New Models Shown Are in No Way Inferior to Those of Previous Seasons—Good Examples of the Best Displayed.

The auto bonnet has made a new record of success during the past summer. It has come to be recognized as the proper thing and the essential thing for the autoist, and it has become a bewitchingly pretty affair. A great number of pretty new models are shown for fall, most of them made of taffeta over rice net foundations, and all of them finished with a veil which is a part of the design.

Men's club meets at 2:30 p.m.

At 6:30 p.m. the young people's work will be re-organized and new officers given charge. The pastor wishes to meet every young member of the congregation at that hour.

At 7:30 p.m. the evening worship. The sermon will be about "What One Man Did for Jesus," and Mr. W. H. Crawford will sing a solo entitled "Come Unto Me." We are glad to have this opportunity of extending to you these privileges of worship.

Done in Colors.

In the dainty hand-embroidered linen Dutch collars the scalloped edges are in many cases worked in colors.

A collar of white pique decorated with dots worked in white floss has a brown edge, while another pretty collar in fine white linen is worked in dark blue. These form a pretty finish at the neck line of the tailored blouse, and as they match the skirt of the coat suit, when the coat is taken off a pretty little color scheme is revealed.

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These form a pretty

Pe-ru-na and Ka-tar-no**OIL BONDS WENT TO ROCKEFELLER**

I have received a letter from a young lady, who asks me: "Is the old Pe-ru-na (Ka-tar-no) better than the revised Pe-ru-na?"

Either medicine has its place. One is adapted for one condition, another for another. Ka-tar-no is a better remedy for some conditions than the revised Pe-ru-na. On the other hand, the revised Pe-ru-na is a better remedy for some conditions than Ka-tar-no. They are both intended as catarrh remedies. They have both done a great work in relieving catarrh, chronic and acute. Many hundreds of cases of chronic catarrh have recovered while taking Ka-tar-no and the same is true of the revised Pe-ru-na during the last six years since its revision.

There is a difference, however, in the two remedies. Whichever catarrh is associated with constipation then the revised Pe-ru-na is the best. Indeed, this is exactly why the revision was made, to meet such cases. But where no laxative is needed, where the bowels are regular or inclined to be loose, then the old Pe-ru-na (Ka-tar-no) is the better remedy.

The revised Pe-ru-na is for sale at all drug stores. Those wishing to obtain Ka-tar-no, address The Ka-tar-no Co., Columbus, Ohio.

To Give Lecture Here.

Mrs. Hattie Mitchell of Drake university at Des Moines, Ia., will give a lecture in Maryville during the teachers' meeting, November 8, on Home Economics. All ladies are invited to attend this lecture.

Advertisement**A Log on the Track**

Of the first express means serious trouble ahead if not removed, so does loss of appetite. It means lack of vitality, loss of strength and nerve weakness. If appetite fails take Electric Bitters quickly to overcome the cause by toning up the stomach and curing the indigestion. Michael Messelheimer of Lincoln, Neb., had been sick over three years, but six bottles of Electric Bitters put him right on his feet again. They have helped thousands. They give pure blood, strong nerves, good digestion. Only 50 cents at the Oscar-Henry Drug Co.

Mrs. and Mrs. O. L. Job of Clarinda, Ia., are visiting at the home of his parents, William Job, west of Maryville, and will visit Mrs. Job's parents at Fairfield, Ia., before returning to Clarinda.

Normal Supplies, special prices at Crane's**FARM FOR SALE**

The Charles Wells farm of 160 acres, eight miles southwest of Maryville, is offered for sale. Land is splendid condition. Good improvements and always plenty of water.

C. E. WELLS, Maryville, Mo.

F. R. Anthony, M. D.

SPECIALIST. Practice limited to diseases of the Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat, and general consultation. All phones. Office hours, 6 to 11 a.m.; 6 to 4 p.m.

RAILROAD REACHES INTO HOMES

Employes of Colorado Southern Will Lose Jobs if Domestic Difficulties Arise.

Denver, Oct. 5.—The Colorado & Southern Railway company, it is said, will issue an order that domestic troubles will be accepted by the railroad as cause for an employee's discharge from the service.

"Undoubtedly," said J. D. Welch, general superintendent, "domestic troubles account for a number of accidents. Sometimes words which may have passed between men and wife linger in his mind after he has taken up the work of the day. Loss of sleep and worry of the latter sort are bound to exercise distracting influences."

Missouri Women Want Votes.

Sedalia, Mo., Oct. 5.—"Equal suffrage for Missouri in 1914." This slogan was adopted here at a meeting of the State Equal Suffrage association. Women were in attendance from different parts of the state and it was decided to send a delegation to Jefferson City to urge the legislators to refer the question to the people. If this is denied them the initiative and referendum will be resorted to.

Roosevelt Electors Resign.

Topeka, Oct. 5.—The dispute in Kansas over presidential electors has been settled. The resignations of seven of the eight Roosevelt electors nominated at the August primaries were turned over to the secretary of state by W. A. White, Roosevelt manager. The eighth elector, Dorsey Green, negro, of Kansas City, Kan., refused to resign.

Prince Cannot Enter America.

New York, Oct. 5.—Prince Ludovic Pignatelli d'Aragon, son of the pretender to the Spanish throne, was held up by the immigration authorities and sent to Ellis Island when he arrived on the steamship France. He is held as ineligible to enter the country because he attempted suicide in Paris last July.

SAVE A LOT OF TROUBLE. Bring your car to us for inspection and repairs. This will win in the long run. Have you ever tried our repair service? You will find quick action and low prices.

J. L. Fisher

SALE BILLS

A Specialty at the

Democrat-Forum

We're Fixed to Do Your Work

TURKO-ITALIAN WAR IS ENDED

Standard Oil "Dissolved" by Selling Out to John D.

TESTIMONY GIVEN RELUCTANTLY

Concluding Link in Chain of Evidence Long Sought by Waters-Pierce Interest—Taking of Depositions Closed.

New York, Oct. 5.—Efforts of counsel for the Waters-Pierce Oil company to trace the ownership of the bonds of the indicted Magnolia Petroleum company of Texas were successful when it was testified that \$2,404,000 worth of the bonds were purchased by John D. Rockefeller.

This revelation and the fact that John D. Archbold failed to obey a subpoena summoning him as a witness were the principal features in the hearing in the litigation over the alleged attempt of Standard Oil interests to gain control of the Waters-Pierce company.

To Ask for Delay.

The taking of depositions in this city was closed, for the trial of the case in the Missouri court at St. Louis is scheduled for October 8, but the failure of Archbold to respond to his subpoenas and the inability of the Waters-Pierce Counsel to find other Standard Oil witnesses wanted will be made the basis, it is said, for an application to the court to postpone the trial until further testimony can be taken.

The testimony that Rockefeller had purchased the Magnolia company bonds was reluctantly given by John A. Hance, senior partner of the firm of Jessup & Lomont, commonly known as Standard Oil brokers.

Violated Court Decree.

It was a concluding link of a chain of evidence by which the Waters-Pierce attorneys have been trying to prove that stockholders of the dissolved Standard Oil company of New Jersey have violated the decree of the United States supreme court by perpetuating control of refineries in Texas. The Magnolia company is held by the Waters-Pierce interests to be the successor of the Security Oil company of Texas, which was separated from Standard Oil control by the decree.

Hance refused to say whether he did any business with "the Standard Oil company" until Attorney Untermyer threatened to cite him to the court for contempt.

Threat Brought Facts.

After denying that he had held any communication with Blair & Co. until they had called him up and offered him the bonds as a business proposition from one broker to another, Hance was asked if he knew anything at the time about the Magnolia Petroleum company.

"Only vaguely," he replied. "How did you come to buy bonds you knew nothing of?"

"Oh, I had a customer."

"Who?"

"Do you want me to tell you? Well, it was John D. Rockefeller," said the witness, somewhat dramatically. "When I heard the word petroleum, I had a pretty good idea to whom to offer them."

RAILROAD REACHES INTO HOMES

First Public Monument in Morningside Park Dedicated to Famous Journalist.

New York, Oct. 5.—The Carl Schurz memorial, the first great public monument in Morningside, was unveiled today with considerable ceremony. Among the distinguished men who participated in the affair were the German ambassador, Andrew Carnegie, Charles Francis Adams, George McAneny, president of the Borough of Manhattan, and Dr. Abraham Jacobi, who was assassinated with Schurz in a stirring period of German history. The dedication ceremonies were preceded by a big parade of German-American veterans.

The statue of Schurz is by Karl Bitter and represents the famous journalist and publicist at the height of his career. The figure is of bronze, nine feet high, and the pedestal stands on the periphery of a semi-circular structure. The pedestal bears the inscription: "Carl Schurz, Defender of Liberty and Friend of Human Rights." The memorial is at Morningside avenue and 116th street.

X-GUITOR KILLS YOUNG BRIDE?

Daylight Murder in St. Paul Believed to be Work of Rejected Lover—Suspect Captured.

St. Paul, Oct. 5.—Mrs. Anna Blazich, 25 years old and a bride of only one week, was murdered as she was entering her home in South St. Paul.

Mrs. Blazich was returning home from an errand about 1 o'clock and as she reached the house a man stepped from the side of the porch and fired a bullet into her head. Mrs. Blazich died a few hours later. The shooting was witnessed by several persons on the street.

Late at night a man, supposed to be the murderer and alleged to have been identified as Ivan Wiskie, a former suitor of Mrs. Blazich, was arrested in a clump of woods near the bank of the Mississippi river, several miles from the city. He was placed in jail. The man refused to make any statement. The murdered woman was married a week ago to Michael Blazich.

Roosevelt Electors Resign.

Topeka, Oct. 5.—The dispute in Kansas over presidential electors has been settled. The resignations of seven of the eight Roosevelt electors nominated at the August primaries were turned over to the secretary of state by W. A. White, Roosevelt manager. The eighth elector, Dorsey Green, negro, of Kansas City, Kan., refused to resign.

Archbold Was Defiant.

New York, Oct. 5.—John D. Archbold, head of the Standard Oil, disregarded a subpoena served on him to testify before a special master in the suit of the Waters-Pierce company against the Standard. The special master ordered him entered as in default and said that he would be called upon for an explanation.

Beachey Dodged Cows.

Lawrence, Kan., Oct. 5.—Lincoln Beachey, the aviator, attempting to avoid two cows as he was ascending in the district court. He was sentenced to be hanged November 29. He said in court that his conviction was a "frame up" of the county attorney and neighbors.

SAYS NO PROMISE WAS MADE**ROOSEVELT TESTIFIES BEFORE CLAPP COMMITTEE**

Colonel Denies Ever Asking for Campaign Contributions or Knowing of Morgan's Gift.

Washington, Oct. 5.—"I asked no man to contribute to the campaign fund when I was elected president of the United States, and I wish to reiterate that Mr. Bliss and Mr. Cortelyou both assured me that no promise had been made as a return for any contribution. Neither they nor any one else having authority asked me to act or to refrain from acting in any matter while I was president because any contribution had been made or withheld. Gentlemen, could I put it more sweepingly?"

In those words Colonel Roosevelt summarized his testimony at the close of the first part of his hearing before the Clapp committee of the senate investigating campaign funds.

The colonel specifically denied that he ever asked for contributions to his 1904 campaign fund or that he had known of any contribution by J. P. Morgan.

To those statements Colonel Roosevelt added again that he had ordered the return to the Standard Oil Company of any contribution it had made in 1904, that he had been assured by George B. Cortelyou "only yesterday" that he knew of no such contribution; and that he did not believe Cornelius N. Bliss had ever demanded a contribution from John D. Archbold or from any corporation by any methods of extort.

Colonel Roosevelt did not deny that corporations had contributed to the 1904 campaign. He said his letters and published statements had always acknowledged that fact, but he specified that no such contributions had ever been obtained under any suggestion that the administration would reward the givers with special favors.

Skirmishes Reported.

Hilmi Pasha and Munhir Pasha have been appointed cabinet ministers without portfolios. This step was taken in view of the gravity of the situation.

There were continued reports of skirmishes on the frontiers, but no definite news concerning them was received. Bulgarian troops have penetrated Turkish territory north of Kovachaz.

Hostile demonstrations against the Bulgarians and other Balkan nations were renewed by the populace. They were most violent in form than those of Thursday night. Troops had to assist the police in dispersing the rioters.

NEW WHEAT ON MISSOURI FARMS

State Experts Developing Variety Which is Expected to Greatly Increase Yield.

Sedalia, Mo., Oct. 5.—A gift of from 10 to 20 million bushels of wheat year is to be offered Missouri in a year or two. A forecast of this, modestly worded, has been posted in the exhibit of the state college of agriculture at the state fair.

By crossing two common varieties of wheat, the state experts are developing a new variety of wheat which will soon be grown sufficiently for extensive seed distribution. If Missouri farmers will follow the farming directions of the college in growing this new wheat the state yield will be increased millions of bushels, it is predicted.

Increased production is the constant effort of the state college of agriculture. There are thirty Jersey cows in the world producing more than 710 pounds of butter annually. Six of these animals are in the herd at Columbia. In twenty-five years of careful feeding and breeding the state school has developed from "poor but honest parentage" a herd of 15 cows averaging 14,421 pounds of milk and 710 pounds of butter a year, the product of each animal equaling that of ordinary Missouri cows.

The statue of Schurz is by Karl Bitter and represents the famous journalist and publicist at the height of his career. The figure is of bronze, nine feet high, and the pedestal stands on the periphery of a semi-circular structure. The pedestal bears the inscription: "Carl Schurz, Defender of Liberty and Friend of Human Rights." The memorial is at Morningside avenue and 116th street.

SHOULD OLD PASTORS BE SHOT?

Methodists Find Disposition of Superannuated Ministers Troublesome Subject.

St. Paul, Oct. 5.—Mrs. Anna Blazich, 25 years old and a bride of only one week, was murdered as she was entering her home in South St. Paul.

Mrs. Blazich was returning home from an errand about 1 o'clock and as she reached the house a man stepped from the side of the porch and fired a bullet into her head. Mrs. Blazich died a few hours later. The shooting was witnessed by several persons on the street.

Late at night a man, supposed to be the murderer and alleged to have been identified as Ivan Wiskie, a former suitor of Mrs. Blazich, was arrested in a clump of woods near the bank of the Mississippi river, several miles from the city. He was placed in jail. The man refused to make any statement.

"Shooting them would be more humane. They have served their country well. Why should their last days be spent in want?"

"Why does not Andrew Carnegie, who endowed a fund for teachers, endow superannuated preachers?" the Rev. Eckman asked.

Salazar at Los Angeles.

Los Angeles, Cal., Oct. 5.—General Inez Salazar, the Mexican revolutionary leader, who has been associated with Orozco, has been in Los Angeles for the last four days receiving treatment for a gunshot wound in the shoulder. Friends of the general succeeded until now in keeping his presence here secret.

Says Conviction Was "Frameup."

Lawton, Ok., Oct. 5.—Henry A. Seigler, convicted of the murder of W. A. Stanford, a claim contestant in Wichita mountains, was denied a new trial by the district court. He was sentenced to be hanged November 29. He said in court that his conviction was a "frame up" of the county attorney and neighbors.

TRAIN ROBBERS BLEW TWO SAFES

Kansas City Southern Express and Mail Car Rifled Near Poteau.

BANDITS FLED INTO MOUNTAINS

Three Men Boarded Car at Railroad Crossing—Safe Door Blown Through Roof—Passengers Were Not Bothered.

Poteau, Ok., Oct. 5.—Kansas City Southern passenger train No. 4 was held up at 6:30 p.m. by three or more bandits in Tarby Prairie, three miles north of here.

Two safes in the express car were blown with nitroglycerin and the mail sacks containing a large quantity of registered mail were rifled.

The bandits boarded the train at the Frisco crossing, a mile northeast of Poteau.

Engineer Undisturbed.

When Tarby Prairie was reached the train was brought to a standstill by the bandits, who themselves opened the air. The robbers did not molest the engineer or fireman, who remained in the cab under cover when they discovered the bandits aboard.

I. S. Kerr, an express messenger, and J. L. Williams, baggageman, were in the express car. Two bandits forced them behind a pile of trunks as they prepared to blow the safe containing local packages. The bandits took refuge behind the trunks also.

The robbers forced Kerr and Williams to turn their backs upon them while they were working at the safes. Part of one safe went through the roof of the car.

Third Man on Outside.

The men scooped up the money and valuables into a flour sack after they forced the express messenger, the baggageman and J. B. Sersk, head brakeman, to leave the car. On the outside a third masked man with a revolver took charge of them and kept them covered until his companions appeared with the sack of loot.

As the three bandits disappeared into the darkness toward Kavanaugh mountains, they fired three shots in the air.

THIRD TERMER'S JOKE ON LABOR

Brandeis Shows Right to Organize Is Not Recognized.

THE PLATFORM IS SILENT

Noted Lawyer Exposes the Flimsiness of Promises Made to Workingmen by Perkins and His Candidate, Who Stands for Private Monopoly.

The new party pledges itself to social and industrial justice and specifically to work unceasingly for effective legislation looking to the prevention of occupational diseases, overwork, involuntary unemployment and other injurious effects incident to modern industry.

* * * can there be found one word approving the fundamental right of labor to organize or even recognizing this right without which all other grants and concessions for improvement of the condition of the workingmen are futile. The platform promises social and industrial justice, but does not promise industrial democracy. The justice which it offers is that which the benevolent and wise corporation is prone to administer through its welfare department. There is no promise of that justice which free American workingmen are striving to secure for themselves through organization. Indeed, the industrial policy advocated by the new party would result in the denial of labor's right to organize.

The new party stands for the perpetuation and extension of private monopoly from which the few have ever profited at the expense of the many and for the dethronement of which the people have, in the past, fought so many valiant battles. That cursed product of despotism, the new party, proposes to domesticate in our republic, proclaiming, "We do not fear commercial power." Certainly organized labor has had experience with the great trusts which should teach all men that commercial power may be so great that it is the part of wisdom to fear it."

The above declaration was made by Louis D. Brandeis before the convention of the American Federation of Labor, Massachusetts state branch, at Fitchburg, Sept. 18.

Of Supreme Importance.

He urges a careful study of the new party platform, particularly its effect upon labor, noting not only WHAT IT CONTAINS, but WHAT IT OMITS, adding, "When you make that examination you will find that there is a significant omission and that this skillfully devised platform TAKES FROM LABOR MORE THAN IT GIVES."

Labor Record of Trusts.

Mr. Brandeis then lays bare the labor record of the trusts, declaring that "great trusts—the steel trust, the sugar trust, the beef trust, the tobacco trust, the smelter trust and a whole troop of lesser trusts—have made the extermination of organized labor from their factories the very foundation stone of their labor policy. The ability to defeat labor's right to combine seems to have been regarded by the trust magnates as a proper test of the efficiency of their capitalistic combination."

Mr. Brandeis shows that in 1899, during the Colorado smelters' strike, the American Smelting and Refining company closed its mills where the strikers had been employed and transferred the work to other mills, thus breaking the strike. The United States Steel corporation had similar success in 1901 with the Amalgamated Association of Iron and Steel Workers. Had the association been dealing with competing employers the result would have been different. The United States Steel trust was prompt in introducing this plan. June 17, 1901, six weeks after it began its operations, its executive committee passed this vote, which was offered by Charles Steele, a partner of George W. Perkins in the firm of J. P. Morgan & Co.:

"That we are unalterably opposed to any extension of union labor and advise subsidiary companies to take firm position when these questions come up and say that they are not going to recognize it—that is, any extension of union in mills where they do not now exist."

Union Men Not Wanted.

The result was that the bulk of American union laboring men in the iron and steel industry were made to understand that they were not wanted at the works of the United States Steel corporation. Places once filled by American laborers loyal to their union were given to others, and, as the Standard committee found, "Hordes of laborers from southern Europe poured into the United States." * * * Hence about 80 per cent. of the unskilled laborers in the iron and steel business are foreigners of these classes, the profits going to the steel corporation. Mr. Brandeis declared that "the immediate and continuing result of the steel trust's triumph over organized labor has been an extensive system of espionage and repression."

There has been no disturbance of business interests during this presidential campaign. Why? Confidence in the integrity of the Democratic nominees and right purposes of the party.

THANKSGIVING VISIT TO UNCLE'S FARM

Mother, who went out to Uncle John's farm to pass Sunday before Thanksgiving day, telephoned Tuesday that she would not be home for Thanksgiving because one of the children was sick and Aunt Anna needed her.

"Why don't you run out for the day?" I asked father. "We can get on nicely here and perhaps I can invite somebody in to share our turkey."

"The difficulty is that I've already asked a guest," answered father. "Blakely is in town, and as I knew he'd be pretty lonely at a hotel, I told him that he must come up here Thursday, and now your mother's away!"

Poor father looked so doleful that I felt sorry for him in spite of the fact that he had spoiled a plan of mine for Thanksgiving day. So I assured him that I would do my best to take mother's place.

"You needn't put on any extra frills for Blakely," said father. "He's the sort of man who likes good old-fashioned home cooking."

I smiled at this, for I knew that Mr. Blakely lives at one of those exclusive New York clubs, where bachelors become more and more pampered and fastidious. I silently determined to have a dinner that would do credit to the family.

"You know, Lucile," said Cousin Fannie, when I told her that we never like to have the edge of should begin the dinner with Cottail oyster and bouillon, "that your father's appetite taken off by anything before the turkey."

"But," I replied, "it would be impossible to begin with turkey. Mr. Blakely would think himself in the backwoods."

Cousin Fannie made no more objections to my plans, but she looked surprised when I said, having found her taking two pies out of the oven Wednesday afternoon, "Oh, we can't have pie! That's really a little too bucolic. A delicate dessert is much more appropriate after a heavy turkey dinner. I'd make that delicious creme brûlée with vanilla sauce which I used to eat so often in Paris. Luckily I have a recipe for it."

As we sat down to the Thanksgiving dinner, father said: "Now, Blakely, you won't find any of your fancy club dishes here. I knew you'd much prefer an old-fashioned dinner."

"Yes, indeed," agreed Mr. Blakely heartily, for of course he could say nothing else.

"What! Oysters?" exclaimed father. Then he looked at me again in surprise when Tilly brought in the soup, but I merely smiled. Then after he had carved the turkey he asked me for the cranberry sauce.

"I thought you'd like this better," I said, pointing to the pretty pink ice Tilly was bringing in sherbet cups.

"Well, I never ate Thanksgiving turkey before without cranberry sauce," he said, trying to laugh, but looking rather grumpy.

"I'm sure the ice is very refreshing," said Mr. Blakely, pleasantly, but I was surprised to see him make a wry face after tasting it.

"Lucile, it's salty!" exclaimed father.

I suppose I must have dipped into the salt jar instead of the sugar keg when I mixed it for Tilly. It's stupid to have salt and sugar on the same shelf. I should think mother would arrange the pantry better.

Mr. Blakely laughed and told a story about a man at the club who, thinking his bouillon was tea, spoiled it with sugar and cream. Cousin Fannie appeared so amused by this ancient yarn that he was encouraged to tell others of equal detail. So the dinner passed off pleasantly until Tilly brought in the creme brûlée. Father looked at me so reproachfully that I said, "Now, daddy dear, I made this French dessert myself, and I shall be hurt if you don't like it."

With a martyred air father took a spoonful of it and Mr. Blakely began eating his at the same instant. To my astonishment they both gasped and choked. Had not father been so dreadfully angry it would have been almost laughable to see them so red in the face and with tears in their eyes.

"Good heavens, Lucile! This is the hottest stuff I ever got into my mouth," exclaimed father, as soon as he could speak. "It seems to be made of Jamaican ginger."

"Oh, Cousin Fannie," I cried, "you must have told me the wrong bottle when I asked you where the vanilla was. Isn't that too bad?"

"Too bad that we didn't have the regulation pumpkin and mince pies that I promised Mr. Blakely," broke in father, almost savagely.

"Miss Fannie, she baked some," spoke up Tilly, who never can learn that she is not expected to join in the family conversation.

"By George, I'm glad of it," said father. "Bring them on, Tilly. Fannie, you're always on deck at the right moment. You have saved the day, my dear."

Cousin Fannie looked pleased and she grew pink when Mr. Blakely, with her pointedly if she had ever read Patmore's "The Angel in the House," I should not have thought she would care for a compliment from a silly old bachelor like Mr. Blakely. He is not so interesting as I had at first thought him.

It seems to me that after all my trouble in getting up the dinner father might have shown some appreciation instead of saying, after our guest was gone: "Well, Lucile, we won't try to entertain company again when your mother's away."

MRS. WOODROW WILSON,
Wife of the Democratic Presidential Nominee. Honorary President of the Woman's National Democratic League.



REPUBLICANS' EXTRAVAGANCE

Government Cost More Than Doubled Under Roosevelt.

DEMOCRATS' GREAT RECORD

Startling Figures Which Show That the Cost of Our National Existence and the High Cost of Living Must Be Reduced.

Under a proper downward revision of the Republican tariff schedules the people of the United States would save \$2,000,000,000 each year, or over \$100 per family on manufactured goods alone.

President Taft's veto of the wool tariff bill and the steel tariff measure passed by a Democratic house COST THE PEOPLE OF THE UNITED STATES ABOUT \$650,000,000 PER ANNUM.

The cost of conducting the federal government MORE THAN DOUBLED between the close of President Cleveland's second administration (Democratic) and the beginning of President Roosevelt's second administration (Republican).

As the DIRECT RESULT OF HIGH REPUBLICAN TARIFF SCHEDULES the people of the United States pay a tax FROM NINE TO SEVENTY-EIGHT PER CENT on food and ordinary household articles used in the home by every family, rich and poor.

The total cost of running the federal government in 1860 was \$55,000,000.

The amount appropriated at a single session of the Sixty-first congress for the fiscal year 1911—\$1,027,123,446.44—was more than double the amount—\$954,496,055.13—appropriated for the fiscal years 1897 and 1898 at both sessions of the Fifty-fourth congress, the latter — \$8,842,203,577.15—was more than double that appropriated in the four years Mr. Cleveland was at the helm—viz., \$1,871,59,857.47.

For 1910, the last fiscal year provided for in congress under President Roosevelt, the highwater mark in appropriations—\$1,044,401,857.12—was reached.

President Taft's estimate to the last session of congress for government support for the fiscal year was \$1,046,648,026.55.

In other words, governmental expenses for the FOUR YEARS of President Cleveland's administration (Democratic) were only \$830,861,551.92 more than President Taft's (Republican) estimate of the amount necessary to cover the expenses of ONE YEAR of President Taft's administration.

Congressman John J. Fitzgerald of New York, a Democrat and chairman of the committee on appropriations, in addressing the house Aug. 26, 1912, on the subject of appropriations said, "Thoughtful men have watched with alarm the rapid increase in the cost of government in the United States." He further said that two causes seem responsible for many present evils:

"One, the UNFAIR AND UNJUST SYSTEM OF TAXATION by which an undue share of income by those whose circumstances in life are not considered more than reasonably comfortable is taken through our customs laws for the support of our government; the other, the difficulty or inability to readjust our system of taxation and to remove many taxes from the necessities of life, so long as the GOVERNMENT IS EXTRAVAGANTLY CONDUCTED, or the instrumentalities provided for the conduct of the public service are either inefficient or are not utilized so as to render the most effective and comprehensive results."

Mr. Fitzgerald then called attention to the fact that the Democratic party pledged itself if intrusted with power to do two things—REDUCE TARIFF DUTIES AND RETRENCH PUBLIC EXPENDITURES by eliminating waste in administration and the abolition of useless, inexcusable offices.

The Republicans talk about tariff revision, and yet when a Democratic house in fulfilling Democratic promises to the people reduced the tariff, a Republican president vetoed the measure. "By their works shall ye know them."

Democrats in every state of the Union should organize and prepare for polling a record breaking vote Nov. 5. Be it remembered that no matter how certain victory seems, overconfidence is always dangerous.

Is there any reason why the Democratic party should go out of existence simply because Mr. Roosevelt has taken up the Progressive measures adopted by the Democrats eighteen years ago?—W. J. Bryan.

Mr. Roosevelt stood as a guarantor for Mr. Taft. Mr. Bryan says, "Now, when Roosevelt has failed so utterly in his judgement of men, I ask can he pass correct judgment on himself?"

WANTS

Advertisements are inserted in this column at the rate of three lines for 25 cents, for ads larger than three lines one cent extra will be charged for each word in excess of 15. Cash must accompany order for these small amounts.

WANTED—Girl at Maryville Laundry. 2-1-1

LOST—On the evening of September 21, a long black kid glove. Finder please return to Democrat-Forum.

FOR SALE—Heavy manilla wrapping paper, 50x30 inches, 5c the sheet. Democrat-Forum job office.

FOR RENT—5-room cottage, in good condition, good location. George Wright. 21-1-1

STRAYED—Black pig weighing about 40 pounds. 415 West Ninth. Hanamo phone 217 Blue. 5-8

"For Sale," "For Rent" and "Rooms for Rent" cards at this office. only 10 cents each.

I HAVE 100 cords of cord wood which I will sell at \$4.00 per cord. A. S. Robey. 23-1-1

PARTIES finding lady's gold watch and chain street fair week, with initials M. A. B. on back, please leave at Democrat-Forum.

WANTED—Hay to bale. Will furnish first class hay press and operators. Address "A. F." care Democrat-Forum. 4-10

WANTED—Hay to bale. Will furnish first class hay press and operators. Address "A. F." care Democrat-Forum. 30-5

FOR SALE—Household goods, all new. Bed springs and mattress, one mahogany dresser, one small mahogany table, one oil stove. 304 South Buchanan street. 3-5

FOR SALE—My two residence properties, located on Seventh and Mulberry. Both modern, one with furnace. Easy terms. Peter Mergen, at coal office, Fifth and Main. 3-1-1

INSURE with Hyslop. Fire tornado (farm or city), plate glass, automobile liability, accident or damaged health. Contract and court bonds promptly executed.

FOR SALE

Three acres, well improved, one mile north of court house, 7 room cottage, good out buildings, lots of fruit. The John W. Haegen, Administratrix.

BUSINESS CARDS

F. S. GRUNDY

PLUMBING AND HEATING.

We Never Sleep.

Hanamo 46, Bell 314. Maryville, Mo.

W. F. BOLIN

Architect and General Contractor

Wants to draw your plans and build your house. Make your new screens or repair your old ones. All work done by first class workmen. Call Hanamo 268.

Maryville Plumbing Co.

Plumbing & Heating

Hanamo phone 50; Bell 341. 216 East Third Street

PROFESSIONAL CARDS

Chas. E. Stilwell

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELOR AT LAW.

Office over Maryville National bank. Maryville, Mo.

Dr. Chas. T. Bell

SURGERY.

Internal Medicine.

Emergency calls answered promptly day or night. Office hours, 9 to 11 a.m.; 2 to 5 p.m. All phones.

K. C. CUMMINS, M. D.

SURGERY and GENERAL PRACTICE

Office over First National bank. Calls answered promptly day and night. All phones.

DR. F. M. RYAN

Of Quiltman, located in Maryville. Office with Dr. Nash. Residence at South M. E. Church flats.

All phones.

Justified.

"Look here, Snip," said Slowpay, indignantly to his tailor, "you haven't put any pockets in these trousers."

"No, Mr. Slowpay," said the tailor, with a sigh; "I judged from your account here that you never had anything to put in them."—Harper's Weekly.

Excursion Rates

DAILY DEMOCRAT FORUM

Largest Circulation of any Daily Paper in any Missouri Town of 5000 Population

VOLUME 3.

MARYVILLE, MISSOURI, SATURDAY, OCT. 5, 1912.

NO. 107.

IN ST. JOSEPH NEXT

ST. JOE GETS NEXT MEETING OF KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.

MEETING HERE A SUCCESS

A Good Attendance and Everybody Pleased—A Good Dinner and Fine Floor Work Were Features.

The Knights of Pythias enjoyed a good day in Maryville Friday. The attendance at the first district association meeting was good, although several towns failed to send delegates because of bad railroad connections.

St. Joseph sent a delegation of seventy in a special train and a number of others were picked up on the way. Fairfax sent a delegation of about twenty over in autos, and most all the towns in the district were represented by from one to five delegates or members.

The members of Tancred lodge met the St. Joseph special with about twenty-five autos and took the visitors for short ride over the city. All expressed themselves as being delighted with the ride and surprised that Maryville made such a good showing. The ride ended at the Elks club, where at 5 o'clock a short session was held. The association officers present were President C. J. Griswold of St. Joseph, Secretary R. M. Schatz of St. Joseph and Treasurer J. T. Drummond of Tarkio. Vice President George W. Childs of Stanberry was unable to come because of the death of a neighbor.

Mayor Robey delivered a short but effective address of welcome, to which Grand Master-at-Arms L. H. Kelso of St. Joseph responded on behalf of the association. At 6 o'clock the crowd formed in line and marched to the Baptist church basement, where a most excellent dinner was graciously served by the young ladies of that church. One hundred and fifty were fed.

At 8 o'clock the delegates and visiting Knights again assembled. A business session came first. After this the new first degree work recently adopted by the supreme lodge was put on by the St. Joseph team, and it was a magnificent exemplification of the work and the lessons sought to be conveyed. L. H. Kelsey, who took the part of Dionysius, is the author of the new work. This work should have been heard and seen by every K. of P. in Maryville.

At the conclusion of this work talks for the good of the order were made, and the matter of selecting the next meeting place was taken up. Fairfax and St. Joseph both extended invitations and St. Joseph was selected. The next meeting will be held there the fourth week in next April.

MADE AN ASSIGNMENT.

J. M. Smith's Country Store Closed for the Benefit of Creditors—Jacksonson is Trustee.

J. M. Smith, proprietor of the country store, on the north side of the square, made an assignment Thursday for the benefit of his creditors. Joseph Jackson, Jr., is trustee. The store will be closed for the next few days in order to invoice, then it will be disposed of.

The Why of Patrick Henry.

An Indian boy at Hampton Institute wrote the following in a composition on Patrick Henry: "Patrick Henry was not a very bright boy. He had blue eyes and light hair. He got married and then said 'Give me liberty or give me death!'"

Today's Markets

LIVE STOCK MARKETS.

CHICAGO.

Cattle—500. Market steady. Estimate tomorrow, 24,000.

Hogs—900. Market 5¢ lower; top, \$9.25. Estimate tomorrow, 27,000.

Sheep—2,000. Market steady.

KANSAS CITY.

Cattle—1,000. Market steady.

Hogs—2,000. Market steady; top, \$8.95.

Sheep—3,500. Market steady.

ST. JOSEPH.

Cattle—150. Market steady.

Hogs—1,500. Market steady; top, \$8.90.

Sheep—None.

Mrs. Malinda Cunningham of Conception was a business visitor in the city Thursday.

Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Outs and daughter of Barnard were Maryville visitors Friday.

The Democrat-Forum

DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY.

Entered as second-class matter June 4, 1910, at the postoffice at Maryville, Mo., under the act of March 2, 1879.

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(Incorporated.)

W. C. VANCLEVE... EDITORS
JAMES TODD.....
N. S. DEMOTTE, SUPERINTENDENT

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.
Delivered in Maryville by carrier at ten cents per week.

Largest Circulation in Nodaway County

DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

For President—Governor Woodrow Wilson of New Jersey.

For Vice President—Governor Thomas Marshall of Indiana.

For Governor—Elliott M. Major.

For Lieutenant Governor—William R. Painter.

For Secretary of State—Cornelius Roach.

For State Treasurer—Edwin P. Deal.

For State Auditor—John P. Gordon.

For Attorney General—John T. Barker.

For Railroad Commissioner—James T. Bradshaw.

For Judge Supreme Court, Division 1—Henry W. Bond.

For Judge Supreme Court, Division 2—C. B. Faris, Robert F. Walker.

For Judge Kansas City Court of Appeals—F. H. Trimble.

For Congress—C. F. Boeber.

For State Senator—Anderson Cralg.

For Representative—W. J. Skidmore.

For Judge of South District—Floyd Westfall.

For Judge of North District—Wm. Blackford.

For Prosecuting Attorney—George Pat Wright.

For Sheriff—Ed Wallace.

For Treasurer—E. F. Wolfert.

For Surveyor—J. E. Rose.

For Coroner—Dr. Wm. Wallie, Jr.

For Public Administrator—J. F. Koelofson.

POLITICAL NOTES.

(By Democratic Campaign Bureau.)

The Democratic ticket can be elected in Missouri this year with hardly an effort. But an election by only bare nominal plurality would carry with it nothing but the right to hold the offices. This is not a contest merely for offices. It is not a struggle to simply determine who, among a number of men, are to draw official salaries. That is not the issue at all. A great principle of government is at stake. The people of Missouri are to finally determine whether this commonwealth is to pass forever into the hands of the plutocratic reactionaries of the Republican party, or whether the grand old state will return to the faith of the fathers and consecrate herself anew to those immortal principles which have made her what she is today. That is the burning question in the Missouri campaign, and it is a question which can be satisfactorily answered only by a Democratic majority of fifty thousand or more.

In the Republican national convention at Chicago three hundred delegates sat stolidly in their seats and refused to participate in the nomination of President Taft, because they knew, they charged and they proved that his nomination was procured by theft and fraud. Twenty of those delegates were from Missouri. What are they going to do about it? Sit around and poke fun at the Bull Moosers? That doesn't meet the issue. There is no middle ground. The Republican state candidates have endorsed that fraud. They have done so in their platform. And now—this to the Missouri taxpayer—you can trust them with your money?

If you want to keep your taxes down, keep the Major majority up.

Let's amend that slogan to read like this: "Work and win with Wilson."

One effect of Governor Hadley's effort to increase the taxes three hundred per cent should be an increase of three hundred per cent in the Democratic vote.

The consumer will keep on paying the tariff tax until he learns it will cost him a thousand times less to contribute to the Democratic campaign fund.

The St. Louis registration is almost as large as it was in 1910, but there will be a decided slump in the St. Louis Republican majority.

PICTURE FRAMING at Crane's

News of Society and Womens' Clubs

Dinner on Election Day.

The ladies of the M. E. church, South, will serve a chicken dinner and supper on election day, November 5th.

Is Miss Mine's Guest.

Miss Hattie Mae Taylor went to Savannah Saturday morning and will be the week-end guest of Miss Ruth Hine, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. W. G. Hine.

Organizing D. A. R. Chapter.

A chapter of Daughters of the American Revolution is being organized in Maryville Saturday by the state organizer, Mrs. George B. McFarland of Columbia, Mo. Mrs. McFarland is the guest of Mrs. E. G. O'rear while in the city.

Dick Graham Married.

Word has just been received in Maryville of the marriage of Charles C. (Dick) Graham of Seattle, Wash., and Miss Emma Parker of St. Anthony, Idaho. The wedding occurred during the month of September. Mrs. Graham is the daughter of Wood B. Parker, editor of the Teton Peak Chronicle, of St. Anthony.

Week-End Guests Near Graham.

Mrs. G. B. Holmes and Mrs. J. F. Montgomery and their guest, Mrs. J. B. Thomas of La Harpe, Kan.; Lieber Holmes and G. B. Holmes, Jr., went to Graham Saturday morning in the O. L. Holmes car, where the ladies of the party will be week-end guests of Dr. and Mrs. W. S. Rowlett and Mr. and Mrs. Will Burris. They attended the church picnic at the Baptist church in Graham on Saturday. The picnic was given as a get-together meeting preceding the opening of a revival meeting that will be held at the church, beginning Sunday night, by the pastor, Rev. Winfrey.

C. W. B. M. Meeting.

The C. W. B. M. of the First Christian church met in the church parlors Friday afternoon at 2:30. Mrs. T. H. Cook was the leader for the study of Home Missions. Mrs. J. D. Frank read the Scripture lesson. Mrs. Will Miller read in a pleasing manner the poem, "America for Christ, Our Obligation," written by Ursula Wiles Errett of Salem, Ore. Mrs. James Ray gave an entertaining talk about her trip west this summer and of the work of the church at Boise, Idaho. The financial report for the year was made by Mrs. T. H. Cook, which shows a gain over past years in amount given for missions. The new officers elected for the coming year are: Mrs. J. D. Frank, president; Mrs. Will Miller, vice president; Mrs. A. T. Fisher, secretary; Mrs. R. L. McDougal, treasurer. Two new members were taken into the society, Mrs. Rosa Cook and Mrs. R. C. Beight.

Reception to Students.

The reception to the State Normal students of their congregation, given Friday night by the Sunday school and Epworth League of the M. E. church, South, was quite largely attended. A program was given in the church auditorium that included a cornet solo by M. A. Peery with piano accompaniment by Miss Hazel Perry; two readings, "A Few Bars in the Key of G," by Professor L. M. Eek, and "The Master is Coming," by Miss Zenebee Wrightman; also a vocal trio, "The Winds Whisper Low," by Misses Ethel Cook, Alpha Hinkle and Nina Evans. The program closed with a nice welcome talk from the new pastor, Rev. J. D. Randolph. After the program all went to the basement of the church flats, played old-fashioned games and had a general good time. Professor Eek and Professor V. I. Moore gave humorous readings, Rev. Randolph related some humorous experiences, and these, along with good things to eat, made an unusually good evening.

Attended Niece's Wedding.

Mr. and Mrs. Jerry Vaughn and son, Ted, returned Friday evening from Monmouth, Ill., where they went ten days ago to be present at the marriage of Mrs. Vaughn's niece, Miss Florence Lynch, to Dr. John M. Bohan of Galesburg, Ill., which was solemnized on Wednesday morning, September 26.

The bride visited in Maryville several weeks this summer, the guest of the Vaughn family and of Misses Lenore and Rose Schumacher. She left many admiring friends on her departure who will like to know somewhat of the details of her wedding day.

One of her five bridesmaids was Miss Grace O'Malley of Albany, a former Maryville young woman, and classmate of the bride at St. Mary's school, Notre Dame, Ind., where they were graduated in 1910.

The ceremony was performed in the Church of the Immaculate Conception at 10 o'clock a.m., Wednesday, by Rev. Fr. P. P. Owens, and from the account given no detail that could tend to make

the setting prettier or the ceremony more beautiful had been omitted. A trio of the bride's girl friends sang the Lohengrin wedding song to pipe organ accompaniment, another sang "Oh, Deep is Thy Love," and another gave a violin solo to close the preliminary musical program.

Two little flower girls scattered pink rose petals in the pathway of the bride to the altar, as she went leaning on the arm of her brother, John D. Lynch, Jr. At the altar they were met by the minister and the groom, Dr. John M. Bohan, and his best man. After the vows by the bride and groom nuptial mass was said, and the bridal party passed out of the church, followed by the guests, to the Lynch home, where a four-course wedding breakfast was served.

The bride's gown was a white beaded lace robe over duchess satin, en train, and she carried a shower bouquet of lilies of the valley. The bridal veil of rose point Venetian lace was draped from a Juliette cap. All the maids wore gowns of white chiffon over pink satin with white felt hats, and carried pink roses.

Dr. and Mrs. Bohan went to Denver, Colo., on their wedding journey. Dr. Bohan is a graduate of the medical school of Northwestern University at Chicago, and has been located in Galesburg as a physician for four years.

Great Time Around the Campfires.

The social given by the young people of the First Presbyterian church Friday night at the home of Mr. and Mrs. James Murray, south of town, was attended by 150 people. The crowd left the church on hayracks, loaded to their capacity, and one just a little over (or two over), we guess, because a wheel was broken down, and when Mr. Allen got off the wagon the wheel was fixed so the journey could proceed. Mr. and Mrs. Allen walked to the place of the social, rested and were there to receive the hayrack people when they arrived. It was one of the best times the young people of this church have had in many a long time. Mrs. Murray and her daughter had made doughnuts and coffee for the entire crowd, which with the "weenies" and marshmallows toasted by the crowd around the big campfires, made a nice feast. Outdoor games were played and no one thought of starting home until midnight, when the Queen of Night was at her best.

PRETTY AUTO BONNETS

NOW RECOGNIZED AS PART OF FEMININE EQUIPMENT.

New Models Shown Are In No Way Inferior to Those of Previous Seasons—Good Examples of the Best Displayed.

The auto bonnet has made a new record of success during the past summer. It has come to be recognized as the proper thing and the essential thing for the autoist, and it has become a bewitchingly pretty affair. A great number of pretty new models are shown for fall, most of them made of taffeta over rice net foundations and all of them finished with a veil which is a part of the design.

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The reception to the State Normal students of their congregation, given Friday night by the Sunday school and Epworth League of the M. E. church, South, was quite largely attended. A program was given in the church auditorium that included a cornet solo by M. A. Peery with piano accompaniment by Miss Hazel Perry; two readings, "A Few Bars in the Key of G," by Professor L. M. Eek, and "The Master is Coming," by Miss Zenebee Wrightman; also a vocal trio, "The Winds Whisper Low," by Misses Ethel Cook, Alpha Hinkle and Nina Evans. The program closed with a nice welcome talk from the new pastor, Rev. J. D. Randolph. After the program all went to the basement of the church flats, played old-fashioned games and had a general good time. Professor Eek and Professor V. I. Moore gave humorous readings, Rev. Randolph related some humorous experiences, and these, along with good things to eat, made an unusually good evening.

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Shelhorn Lady Suffered a Great Deal, But Is All Right Now.

FELT BAD ALL THE TIME

Done in Colors.

In the dainty hand-embroidered linen Dutch collars the scalloped edges are in many cases worked in colors. A collar of white pique decorated with dots worked in white floss has a brown edge, while another pretty collar in fine white linen is worked in dark blue. These form a pretty finish at the neck line of the tailored blouse, and as they match the skirt of the coat suit, when the coat is taken off a pretty little color scheme is revealed.

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Pe-ru-na and Ka-tar-no

I have received a letter from a young lady who asks me: "Is the old Pe-ru-na (Ka-tar-no) better than the revised Pe-ru-na?" Either medicine has its place. One is adapted for one condition, another for another. Ka-tar-no is a better remedy for some conditions than the revised Pe-ru-na. On the other hand, the revised Pe-ru-na is a better remedy for some conditions than Ka-tar-no. They are both intended as catarrh remedies. They have both done a great work in relieving catarrh, chronic and acute. Many hundreds of cases of chronic catarrh have recovered while taking Ka-tar-no and the same is true of the revised Pe-ru-na, during the last six years since the revision.

There is a difference, however, in the two remedies. Whenever catarrh is associated with constipation then the revised Pe-ru-na is the best. Indeed, this is exactly why the revision was made, to meet such cases. But where no laxative is needed, where the bowels are regular or inclined to be loose, then the old Pe-ru-na (Ka-tar-no) is the better remedy.

The revised Pe-ru-na is for sale at all drug stores. Those wishing to obtain Ka-tar-no, address The Ka-tar-no Co., Columbus, Ohio.

To Give Lecture Here.

Mrs. Hattie Mitchell of Drake university at Des Moines, Ia., will give a lecture in Maryville during the teachers' meeting, November 8, on Home Economics. All ladies are invited to attend this lecture.

(Advertisement)

Log on the Track

Of the first express means serious trouble ahead if not removed, so does loss of appetite. It means lack of vitality, loss of strength and nerve weakness. If appetite fails take Electric Bitters quickly to overcome the cause by tonic up the stomach and curing the indigestion. Michael Hessheimer of Lincoln, Neb., had been sick over three years, but six bottles of Electric Bitters put him right on his feet again. They have helped thousands. They give pure blood, strong nerves, good digestion. Only 50 cents at the Green-Henry Drug Co.

Mr. and Mrs. O. L. Job of Clarinda, Ia., are visiting at the home of his parents, William Job, west of Maryville, and will visit Mrs. Job's parents at Fairfield, Ia., before returning to Clarinda.

Normal Supplies, special prices at Crane's**FARM FOR SALE**

The Charles Wells farm of 160 acres, eight miles southwest of Maryville, is offered for sale. Land in splendid condition. Good improvements and always plenty of water.

C. E. WELLS, Maryville, Mo.

F. R. Anthony, M. D.**SPECIALIST.**

Practice limited to diseases of the eye, Ear, Nose and Throat, and general consultation. All phones. Office hours, 8 to 11 a.m.; 3 to 4 p.m.

**A PERTINENT QUESTION.**

How do you like to be the repair man? Not a very pleasant subject to doubt the job would ruffle your feelings as well as your clothes.

SAVE A LOT OF TROUBLE.

Bring your car to us for inspection and repairs. This will win in the long run. Have you ever tried our repair service? You will find quick action and low prices.

J. L. Fisher

SALE BILLS

A Specialty at the

Democrat-Forum

We're Fixed to Do Your Work

OIL BONDS WENT TO ROCKEFELLER

Standard Oil "Dissolved" by Selling Out to John D.

TESTIMONY GIVEN RELUCTANTLY

Concluding Link in Chain of Evidence Long Sought by Waters-Pierce Interest—Taking of Depositions Closed.

New York, Oct. 5.—Efforts of counsel for the Waters-Pierce Oil company to trace the ownership of the bonds of the indicted Magnolia Petroleum company of Texas were successful when it was testified that \$2,404,000 worth of the bonds were purchased by John D. Rockefeller.

This revelation and the fact that John D. Archbold failed to obey a subpoena summoning him as a witness were the principal features in the hearing in the litigation over the alleged attempt of Standard Oil interests to gain control of the Waters-Pierce company.

To Ask for Delay.

The taking of depositions in this case was closed, for the trial of the case in the Missouri court at St. Louis is scheduled for October 8, but the failure of Archbold to respond to his subpoena and the inability of the Waters-Pierce Counsel to find other Standard Oil witnesses wanted will be made the basis, it is said, for an application to the court to postpone the trial until further testimony can be taken.

The testimony that Rockefeller had purchased the Magnolia company bonds was reluctantly given by John A. Hance, senior partner of the firm of Jessup & Lecomont, commonly known as Standard Oil brokers.

Violated Court Decree.

It was a concluding link of a chain of evidence by which the Waters-Pierce attorneys have been trying to prove that stockholders of the dissolved Standard Oil company of New Jersey have violated the decree of the United States supreme court by perpetuating control of refineries in Texas. The Magnolia company is held by the Waters-Pierce interests to be the successor of the Security Oil company of Texas, which was separated from Standard Oil control by the decree.

Hance refused to say whether he did any business with "the Standard Oil company" until Attorney Unterman threatened to cite him to the court for contempt.

Threat Brought Facts.

After denying that he had held any communication with Blair & Co. until they had called him up and offered him the bonds as a business proposition from one broker to another, Hance was asked if he knew anything at the time about the Magnolia Petroleum company.

"Only vaguely," he replied.

"How did you come to buy bonds you knew nothing of?"

"Oh, I had a customer."

"Who?"

"Do you want me to tell you? Well, it was John D. Rockefeller," said the witness, somewhat dramatically. "When I heard the word petroleum, I had a pretty good idea to whom to offer them."

RAILROAD REACHES INTO HOMES

Employees of Colorado Southern Will Lose Jobs if Domestic Difficulties Arise.

Denver, Oct. 5.—The Colorado & Southern Railway company, it is said, will issue an order that domestic troubles will be accepted by the railroad as cause for an employee's discharge from the service.

"Undoubtedly," said J. D. Webb, general superintendent, "domestic troubles account for a number of accidents. Sometimes words which may pass between men and妻子 linger in his mind after he has taken up the work of the day. Loss of sleep and worry of the latter and wife to exercise distracting influences."

Missouri Women Want Votes.

Sedalia, Mo., Oct. 5.—"Equal suffrage for Missouri in 1914." This slogan was adopted here at a meeting of the State Equal Suffrage association. Women were in attendance from different parts of the state and it was decided to send a delegation to Jefferson City to urge the legislators to refer the question to the people. If this is denied them the initiative and referendum will be resorted to.

Roosevelt Electors Resign.

Topeka, Oct. 5.—The dispute in Kansas over presidential electors has been settled. The resignations of seven of the eight Roosevelt electors nominated at the August primaries were turned over to the secretary of state by W. A. White, Roosevelt manager. The eighth elector, Dorsey Green, negro, of Kansas City, Kan., refused to resign.

Prince Cannot Enter America.
New York, Oct. 5.—Prince Ludovic Pignatelli d'Aragon, son of the pretender to the Spanish throne, was held up by immigration authorities and sent to Ellis Island when he arrived on the steamship France. He is held as ineligible to enter the country because he attempted suicide in Paris last July.

TURKO-ITALIAN WAR IS ENDED

Peace Agreement Reached in Conference at Ouchy, Switzerland.

DOES NOT END BALKAN TROUBLES

Skirmishes Reported on Frontiers and People Making Hostile Demonstrations Against Legations—Police Disperse Rioters.

London, Oct. 5.—Peace between Italy and Turkey was signed at Ouchy, Switzerland, according to a news dispatch just received here from Paris.

Delegates Leave for Home.

Paris, Oct. 5.—Pietro Bertolini and Rochad Pasha, the Italian and Turkish peace delegates, will leave Ouchy, Switzerland immediately for Rome and Constantinople, respectively, to obtain the ratification of their governments to the peace agreement reached by them, according to a special dispatch received here from Ouchy.

Turkish Cabinet Agrees.

Constantinople, Oct. 5.—That the Turkish cabinet voted to accept Italy's latest proposals for peace was the announcement made from an authoritative source. The preliminary agreements are to be signed upon the arrival of Ouchy of a special Turkish emissary, who left Constantinople immediately after the cabinet meeting.

Sentiment in favor of war with the Balkans is increasing in Turkey. Several thousand persons held a mass meeting in the Mosque of Sultan Ahmed I, at Istanbul at which all references to the Balkan states were greeted with cries of "Cursed be Bulgaria, Serbia, Greece and Montenegro."

Skirmishes Reported.

Hilmi Pasha and Munshi Pasha have been appointed cabinet ministers without portfolios. This step was taken in view of the gravity of the situation.

There were continued reports of skirmishes on the frontiers, but no definite news concerning them was received. Bulgarian troops have penetrated Turkish territory north of Kovach.

Hostile demonstrations against the Bulgarians and other Balkan legations were renewed by the populace. They were more violent in form than those of Thursday night. Troops had to be called to assist the police in dispersing the rioters.

SCHURZ MEMORIAL IS UNVEILED

First Public Monument in Morningside Park Dedicated to Famous Journalist.

New York, Oct. 5.—The Carl Schurz memorial, the first great public monument in Morningside, was unveiled today with considerable ceremony. Among the distinguished men who participated in the affair were the German ambassador, Andrew Carnegie, Charles Francis Adams, George McAneny, president of the Borough of Manhattan, and Dr. Abraham Jacobi, who was associated with Schurz in a stirring period of German history. The dedication ceremonies were preceded by a big parade of German-American veterans.

The statue of Schurz is by Karl Bitter and represents the famous journalist and publicist at the height of his career. The figure is of bronze, nine feet high, and the pedestal stands on the periphery of a semi-circular structure. The pedestal bears the inscription: "Carl Schurz, Defender of Liberty and Friend of Human Rights." The memorial is at Morningside Avenue and 116th street.

X-GUITAR KILLS YOUNG BRIDE?

Daylight Murder in St. Paul Believed to be Work of Rejected Lover—Suspect Captured.

St. Paul, Oct. 5.—Mrs. Anna Blazich, 25 years old and a bride of only one week, was murdered as she was entering her home in South St. Paul.

Mrs. Blazich was returning home from an errand about 1 o'clock and as she reached the house a man stepped from the side of the porch and fired a bullet into her head. Mrs. Blazich died a few hours later. The shooting was witnessed by several persons on the street.

Late at night a man, supposed to be the murderer and alleged to have been identified as Ivan Wiskie, a former suitor of Mrs. Blazich, was arrested in a clump of woods near the bank of the Mississippi river, several miles from the city. He was placed in jail. The man refused to make any statement. The murdered woman was married a week ago to Michael Blazich.

Archbold Was Defiant.

New York, Oct. 5.—John D. Archbold, head of the Standard Oil, disregarded a subpoena served on him to testify before a special master in the suit of the Waters-Pierce company against the Standard. The special master ordered him entered as in default and said that he would be called upon for an explanation.

Bachey Dodged Cows.

Lawrence, Kan., Oct. 5.—Lincoln Bachey, the aviator, attempting to avoid two cows as he was ascending in the district court. He was sentenced to be hanged November 29. He said in court that his conviction was a "frame up" of the county attorney and neighbors.

SAYS NO PROMISE WAS MADE

ROOSEVELT TESTIFIES BEFORE CLAPP COMMITTEE.

Colonel Denies Ever Asking for Campaign Contributions or Knowing of Morgan's Gift.

Washington, Oct. 5.—"I asked no man to contribute to the campaign fund when I was elected president of the United States, and I wish to reiterate that Mr. Bliss and Mr. Corley both assured me that no promise had been made as a return for any contribution. Neither they nor any one else having authority asked me to act or to refrain from acting in any matter while I was president because any contribution had been made or withheld. Gentlemen, could I put it more sweepingly?"

In those words Colonel Roosevelt summarized his testimony at the close of the first part of his hearing before the Clapp committee of the senate investigating campaign funds.

The colonel specifically denied that he ever asked for contributions to his 1904 campaign fund or that he had known of any contribution by J. P. Morgan.

To those statements Colonel Roosevelt added again that he had ordered the return to the Standard Oil Company of any contribution it had made in 1904, that he had been assured by George B. Cortelyou "only yesterday" that he knew of no such contribution; and that he did not believe Cornelius N. Bliss had ever demanded a contribution from John D. Archbold or from any corporation by any methods of extortion.

Colonel Roosevelt did not deny that corporations had contributed to the 1904 campaign. He said his letters and published statements had always acknowledged that fact, but he specified that no such contributions had ever been obtained under any suggestion that the administration would reward the givers with special favors.

NEW WHEAT ON MISSOURI FARMS

State Experts Developing Variety Which is Expected to Greatly Increase Yield.

Sedalia, Mo., Oct. 5.—A gift of from 10 to 20 million bushels of wheat yearly is to be offered Missouri in a year or two. A forecast of this, modestly worded, has been posted in the exhibit of the state college of agriculture at the state fair.

There are various reports as to the amount of loot. It is said a bank at Havener had \$7,000 aboard the train.

Almost a Wreck.

A wreck was narrowly averted on account of the holdup. A northbound freight was fast bearing down on the passenger when the head brakeman jumped from the rear of the last coach of the train and running down the track warned the freight engine's crew to stop. This was accomplished after considerable difficulty.

Increased production is the constant effort of the state college of agriculture. There are thirty Jersey cows in the world producing more than 710 pounds of butter annually. Six of these animals are in the herd at Columbia. In twenty-five years of careful feeding and breeding the state school has developed from "poor but honest parentage" a herd of 15 cows averaging 14,421 pounds of milk and 710 pounds of butter a year, the product of each animal equaling that of five ordinary Missouri cows.

C. F. Marbut, who was professor of soil geology at Columbia, walked into the job at the head of the government soil survey. He walked all over Missouri, analyzing the soil and determining the proportion of nitrogen, phosphorus and potassium in the several well defined zones. This work, which won him his present place, emphasized the need of soil study to get results in fertilizing. His work was shown in detail at the fair.

SHOULD OLD PASTORS BE SHOT?

Methodists Find Disposition of Superannuated Ministers Troublesome Subject.

Chicago, Oct. 5.—"Shall we shoot our old preachers?"

This question was debated at the session of the Rock River M. E. conference.

"We might as well shoot them as let them starve on the pitiful small incomes that most of them have," said the Rev. G. P. Eckman of New York, editor of the Christian Advocate.

"Shooting them would be more humane. They have served their country well. Why should their last days be spent in want?"

"Why does not Andrew Carnegie, who endowed a fund for teachers, endow superannuated preachers?" the Rev. Eckman asked.

Salazar at Los Angeles.

Los Angeles, Cal., Oct. 5.—General Inez Salazar, the Mexican revolutionary leader, who has been associated with Orozco, has been in Los Angeles for the last four days receiving treatment for a gunshot wound in the shoulder. Friends of the general succeeded until now in keeping his presence here secret.

Says Conviction Was "Frameup."

Lawton, Ok., Oct. 5.—Henry A. Seliger, convicted of the murder of W. A. Stanford, a claim contestant in Wichita mountains, was denied a new trial in the district court. He was sentenced to be hanged November 29. He said in court that his conviction was a "frame up" of the county attorney and neighbors.

TRAIN ROBBERS BLEW TWO SAFES

TRAIN ROBBERS**BLEW TWO SAFES**

Kansas City Southern Express and Mail Car Rifled Near Poteau.

BANDITS FLED INTO MOUNTAINS

Three Men Boarded Car at Railroad Crossing—Safe Door Blown Through Roof—Passengers Were Not Bothered.

Poteau, Ok., Oct. 5.—Kansas City Southern passenger train No. 4 was held up at 6:30 p.m.

THIRD TERMER'S JOKE ON LABOR

Brandeis Shows Right to Organize Is Not Recognized.

THE PLATFORM IS SILENT

Noted Lawyer Exposes the Flimsiness of Promises Made to Workingmen by Perkins and His Candidate, Who Stands for Private Monopoly.

"The new party pledges itself to social and industrial justice and specifically to work unceasingly for effective legislation looking to the prevention of occupational diseases, overwork, involuntary unemployment and other injurious effects incident to modern industry," * * * but nowhere in that long and comprehensive platform can there be found one word approving the fundamental right of labor to organize or even recognizing this right without which all other grants and concessions for improvement of the condition of the working men are futile. The platform promises social and industrial justice, but does not promise industrial democracy. The justice which it offers is that which the benevolent and wise corporation is prone to administer through its welfare department. There is no promise of that justice which free American workingmen are striving to secure for themselves through organization. Indeed, the industrial policy advocated by the new party would result in the denial of labor's right to organize.

"The new party stands for the perpetuation and extension of private monopoly from which the few have ever profited at the expense of the many and for the dethronement of which the people have, in the past, fought so many valiant battles. That cursed product of despotism, the new party, proposes to domesticate in our republic, proclaiming, 'We do not fear commercial power.' Certainly organized labor has had experience with the great trusts which should teach all men that commercial power may be so great that it is the part of wisdom to fear it."

The above declaration was made by Louis D. Brandeis before the convention of the American Federation of Labor, Massachusetts state branch, at Fitchburg, Sept. 18.

Of Supreme Importance.

He urges a careful study of the new party platform, particularly its effect upon labor, noting not only WHAT IT CONTAINS, but WHAT IT OMITS, adding, "When you make that examination you will find that there is a significant omission and that this skillfully devised platform TAKES FROM LABOR MORE THAN IT GIVES."

Labor Record of Trusts.

Mr. Brandeis then lays bare the labor record of the trusts, declaring that "great trusts—the steel trust, the sugar trust, the beef trust, the tobacco trust, the smelter trust and a whole troop of lesser trusts—have made the extermination of organized labor from their factories the very foundation stone of their labor policy. The ability to defeat labor's right to combine seems to have been regarded by the trust magnates as a proper test of the efficiency of their capitalistic combination."

Mr. Brandeis shows that in 1899, during the Colorado smelters' strike, the American Smelting and Refining company closed its mills where the strikers had been employed and transferred the work to other mills, thus breaking the strike. The United States Steel corporation had similar success in 1901 with the Amalgamated Association of Iron and Steel Workers. Had the association been dealing with competing employers the result would have been different. The United States Steel trust was prompt in introducing this plan. June 17, 1901, six weeks after it began its operations, its executive committee passed this vote, which was offered by Charles Steele, a partner of George W. Perkins in the firm of J. P. Morgan & Co.:

"That we are unalterably opposed to any extension of union labor and advise subsidiary companies to take firm position when these questions come up and say that they are not going to recognize it—that is, any extension of union in mills where they do not now exist."

Union Men Not Wanted.

The result was that the bulk of American union laboring men in the iron and steel industry were made to understand that they were not wanted at the works of the United States Steel corporation. Places once filled by American laborers loyal to the Stanley committee found, "Hordes of laborers from southern Europe poured into the United States." * * * Hence about 80 per cent. of the unskilled laborers in the iron and steel business are foreigners of these classes, the profits going to the steel corporation. Mr. Brandeis declared that "the immediate and continuing result of the steel trust's triumph over organized labor has been an extensive system of espionage and repression."

There has been no disturbance of business interests during this presidential campaign. Why? Confidence in the integrity of the Democratic nominees and right purposes of the party.

THANKSGIVING VISIT TO UNCLE'S FARM

Mother, who went out to Uncle John's farm to pass Thanksgiving day, telephoned Tuesday that she would not be home for Thanksgiving because one of the children was sick and Aunt Anna needed her.

"Why don't you run out for the day?" I asked father. "We can get on nicely here and perhaps I can invite somebody to share our turkey."

"The difficulty is that I've already asked a guest," answered father. "Blakely is in town, and as I knew he'd be pretty lonely at a hotel, I told him that he must come up here Thursday, and now your mother's away!"

Poor father looked so doleful that I felt sorry for him in spite of the fact that he had spoiled a plan of mine for Thanksgiving day. So I assured him that I would do my best to take mother's place.

"You needn't put on any extra frills for Blakely," said father. "He's the sort of man who likes good old-fashioned home cooking."

"I smiled at this, for I knew that Mr. Blakely lives at one of those exclusive New York clubs, where bachelors become more and more pampered and fastidious. I silently determined to have a dinner that would do credit to the family.

"You know, Lucile," said Cousin Fannie, when I told her that we never like to have the edge of should begin the dinner with Cotuit oyster and bouillon, "that your father's appetite taken off by anything before the turkey."

"But," I replied, "it would be impossible to begin with turkey. Mr. Blakely would think himself in the backwoods."

Cousin Fannie made no more objections to my plans, but she looked surprised when I said, having found her taking two pies out of the oven Wednesday afternoon, "Oh, we can't have pie! That's really a little too bucolic. A delicate dessert is much more appropriate after a heavy turkey dinner. I'd make that delicious creme renversée with vanilla sauce which I used to eat so often in Paris. Luckily I have a recipe for it."

As we sat down to the Thanksgiving dinner, father said: "Now, Blakely, you won't find any of your fancy club dishes here. I knew you'd much prefer an old-fashioned dinner."

"Yes, indeed," agreed Mr. Blakely heartily, for of course he could say nothing else.

"What! Oysters?" ex claimed father. Then he looked at me again in surprise when Tilly brought in the soup, but I merely smiled. Then after he had carved the turkey he asked me for the cranberry sauce.

"I thought you'd like this better," I said, pointing to the pretty pink ice Tilly was bringing in sherbet cups.

"Well, I never ate Thanksgiving turkey before without cranberry sauce," he said, trying to laugh, but looking rather grumpy.

"I'm sure the ice is very refreshing," said Mr. Blakely, pleasantly, but I was surprised to see him make a wry face after tasting it.

"Lucile, it's salty!" exclaimed father.

I suppose I must have dipped into the salt jar instead of the sugar keg when I mixed it for Tilly. It's stupid to have salt and sugar on the same shelf. I should think mother would arrange the pantry better.

Mr. Blakely laughed and told a story about a man at the club who, thinking his bouillon was tea, spoiled it with sugar and cream. Cousin Fannie appeared so amused by this ancient yarn that he was encouraged to tell others of equal date. So the dinner passed off pleasantly until Tilly brought in the creme renversée. Father looked at me so reproachfully that I said, "Now, daddy dear, I made this French dessert myself, and I shall be hurt if you don't like it."

With a martyred air father took a spoonful of it and Mr. Blakely began eating his at the same instant. To my astonishment they both gasped and choked. Had not father been so dreadfully angry it would have been almost laughable to see them so red in the face and with tears in their eyes.

"Good heavens, Lucile! This is the hottest stuff I ever got into my mouth," exclaimed father, as soon as he could speak. "It seems to be made of Jamaica ginger."

"Oh, Cousin Fannie," I cried, "you must have told me the wrong bottle when I asked you where the vanilla was. Isn't that too bad?"

"Too bad that we didn't have the regulation pumpkin and mince pies that promised Mr. Blakely," broke in father, almost savagely.

"Miss Fannie, she baked some," spoke up Tilly, who never can learn that she is not expected to join in the family conversation.

"By George, I'm glad of it," said father. "Bring them on, Tilly. Fannie, you're always on deck at the right moment. You have saved the day, my dear."

Cousin Fannie looked pleased and she grew pink when Mr. Blakely, with rather heavy-footed gallantry, asked her pointedly if she had ever read Patmore's "The Angel in the House." I should not have thought she would care for a compliment from a silly old bachelor like Mr. Blakely. He is not so interesting as I had at first thought him.

It seems to me that after all my trouble in getting up the dinner father might have shown some appreciation instead of saying, after our guess was gone: "Well, Lucile, we won't try to entertain company again when your mother's away."

MRS. WOODROW WILSON,

Wife of the Democratic Presidential Nominee. Honorary President of the Woman's National Democratic League.



REPUBLICANS' EXTRAVAGANCE

Government Cost More Than Doubled Under Roosevelt.

DEMOCRATS' GREAT RECORD

Startling Figures Which Show That the Cost of Our National Existence and the High Cost of Living Must Be Reduced.

Under a proper downward revision of the Republican tariff schedules the people of the United States would save \$2,000,000,000 each year, or over \$100 per family on manufactured goods alone.

President Taft's vetoes of the wool tariff bill and the steel tariff measure passed by a Democratic house COST THE PEOPLE OF THE UNITED STATES ABOUT \$650,000,000 PER ANNUM.

The cost of conducting the federal government MORE THAN DOUBLED between the close of President Cleveland's second administration (Democratic) and the beginning of President Roosevelt's second administration (Republican).

AS THE DIRECT RESULT OF HIGH REPUBLICAN TARIFF SCHEDULES the people of the United States pay a tax FROM NINE TO SEVENTY-EIGHT PER CENT on food and ordinary household articles used in the home by every family, rich and poor.

The total cost of running the federal government in 1890 was \$55,000,000.

The amount appropriated at single session of the Sixty-first congress for the fiscal year 1911—\$1,027,133,446.44 was more than double the amount—\$954,496,055.13—appropriated for the fiscal years 1897 and 1898 at both sessions of the Fifty-fourth congress, the last congress of the second Cleveland administration.

Only eight years elapsed between the close of the second administration of President Cleveland and the beginning of the second administration of President Roosevelt and yet the amount appropriated during the four years of the latter — \$3,842,203,577.15—was more than double that appropriated in the four years Mr. Cleveland was at the helm—viz., \$1,871,59,857.47.

For 1910, the last fiscal year provided for in congress under President Roosevelt, the highwater mark in appropriations — \$1,044,401,857.12 — was reached.

President Taft's estimate to the last session of congress for government support for the fiscal year was \$1,040,648,025.5.

In other words, governmental expenses for the FOUR YEARS of President Cleveland's administration (Democratic) were only \$830,861,551.82 more than President Taft's (Republican) estimate of the amount necessary to cover the expenses of ONE YEAR of President Taft's administration.

Congressman John J. Fitzgerald of New York, a Democrat and chairman of the committee on appropriations, in addressing the house Aug. 26, 1912, on the subject of appropriations said, "Thoughtful men have watched with alarm the rapid increase in the cost of government in the United States." He further said that two causes seem responsible for many present evils:

"One, the UNFAIR AND UNJUST SYSTEM OF TAXATION by which an undue share of income by those whose circumstances in life are not considered more than reasonably comfortable is taken through our customs laws for the support of our government; the other, the difficulty or inability to readjust our system of taxation and to remove many taxes from the necessities of life, so long as the GOVERNMENT IS EXTRAVAGANTLY CONDUCTED, or the instrumentalities provided for the conduct of the public service are either inefficient or are not utilized so as to render the most effective and comprehensive results."

Mr. Fitzgerald then called attention to the fact that the Democratic party pledged itself if intrusted with power to do two things—REDUCE TARIFF DUTIES AND RETRENCH PUBLIC EXPENDITURES by eliminating waste in administration and the abolition of useless, inexcusable offices.

The Republicans talk about tariff revision, and yet when a Democratic house in fulfilling Democratic promises to the people reduced the tariff, a Republican president vetoed the measure. "By their works shall ye know them."

Democrats in every state of the Union should organize and prepare for polling a record breaking vote Nov. 5. Be it remembered that no matter how certain victory seems, overconfidence is always dangerous.

Is there any reason why the Democratic party should go out of existence simply because Mr. Roosevelt has taken up the progressive measures adopted by the Democrats eighteen years ago?—W. J. Bryan.

Mr. Roosevelt stood as a guarantor for Mr. Taft. Mr. Bryan says, "Now, when Roosevelt has failed so utterly in his judgement of men, I ask can we pass correct judgment on himself?"

WANTS

Advertisements are inserted in this column at the rate of three lines (18 words) three days for 25 cents. For size larger than 18 words lines one cent extra will be charged for each word in excess of 18. Cash must accompany order for these small amounts.

WANTED—Girl at Maryville Laundry. 2-11

LOST—On the evening of September 21, a long black kid glove. Finder please return to Democrat-Forum.

FOR SALE—Heavy manlin wrap paper, 50x30 inches, 5c the sheet. Democrat-Forum job office.

FOR RENT—5-room cottage, in good condition, good location. George Pat Wright. 2-12

STRAYED—Black pig weighing about 40 pounds. 415 West Ninth. Hanamo phone 217 Blue. 5-8

"For Sale," "For Rent" and "Rooms for Rent" cards at this office. 23-tf

PARTIES finding lady's gold watch and chain street fair week, with initials M. A. B. on back, please leave at Democrat-Forum.

WANTED—Hay to bale. Will furnish first class hay press and operators. Address "A. F." care Democrat-Forum. 4-10

WANTED—Hay to bale. Will furnish first class hay press and operators. Address Hay Press, care Democrat-Forum. 30-5

FOR SALE—Household goods, all new. Bed springs and mattress, one mahogany dresser, one small mahogany table, one oil stove. 304 South Buchanan street. 3-5

FOR SALE—My two residence properties, located on Seventh and Mulberry. Both modern, one with furnace. Easy terms. Peter Mergen, at coal office, Fifth and Main. 3-11

INSURE with Hyslop. Fire tornado (farm or city), plate glass, automobile liability, accident or damage death. Contract and court bonds promptly executed

FOR SALE

Three acres, well improved, one mile north of court house, 7 room cottage, good out buildings, lots of fruit. The John W. Haagen, in place. Kate Haagen, Administratrix.

BUSINESS CARDS

F. S. GRUNDY

PLUMBING AND HEATING

We Never Sleep

Hanamo 46, Bell 314. Maryville, Mo.

W. F. BOLIN

Architect and General Contractor Wants to draw your plans and build your house. Make your new screens or repair your old ones. All work done by first class workmen. Call Hanamo 268.

Maryville Plumbing Co.

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Chas. E. Stilwell

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Office over Maryville National bank Maryville, Mo.

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SURGERY.

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Emergency calls answered promptly day or night. Office hours, 9 to 11 a.m.; 2 to 5 p.m. All phones.

K. C. CUMMINS, M. D.

SURGERY and GENERAL PRACTICE

Office over First National bank Calls answered promptly day and night. All phones.

DR. F. M. RYAN

Of Quiltman, located in Maryville.

Office with Dr. Nash. Residence at South M. E. Church flats.

All phones.

Justified.

"Look here, Snip," said Slowpay, indignantly to his tailor, "you haven't put any pockets in these trousers."

"No, Mr. Slowpay," said the tailor, with a sigh; "I judged from your account here that you never had anything to put in them."—Harper's Weekly